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GUERNSEY STATUTORY INSTRUMENT 1999 NO. 19

THE IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS (CONTROL) (GUERNSEY)
(AMENDMENT) ORDER 1999

THE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION, in pursuance of its powers under Article 1 of the Import and Export (Control) (Guernsey) Law 1946 hereby orders: -

1. Schedule 1 to The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) Order, 1990, (a), shall be deleted and Schedule 1 hereto substituted in its place.
2. Schedule 2 to The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) Order, 1990, (a), shall be deleted and Schedule 2 hereto substituted in its place.
3. The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment) Order, 1993 (b), The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment No 2) Order, 1993 (c), The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment) Order, 1995 (d), The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment) Order, 1996 (e), and The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment) Order, 1997 (f) are repealed.
4. This Order may be cited as The Import and Export of Goods (Control) (Guernsey) (Amendment) Order, 1999, and shall come into force on the 12th May 1999.

Dated this 11th day of May 1999.



R C BERRY

President of the States Board of Administration

For and on behalf of the Board

(a) S.I. 1990 No. 24

(b) S.I. 1993 No. 11

(c) S.I. 1993 No. 23

(d) S.I. 1995 No. 14

(e) S.I. 1996 No. 13

(f) S.I. 1997 No. 22

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Amendment Order but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

The effect of the Amendment Order is to consolidate previous amendments, to introduce controls on the importation and exportation of Counterfeit Currency and certain chemicals, to remove controls that are no longer required and to bring import controls on certain firearms in line with the Firearms (Guernsey) Law 1998.

SCHEDULE 1

Section Four

1. Bovine Somatotrophin (BST).

[cannot be imported
from UK]

2. Firearms and Ammunition, the following:

- (i) firearms, lethal, including any lethal barrelled weapon of any description from which any shot, bullet or other missile can be discharged and other weapons of whatever description designed or adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquid, gas or other thing;
- (ii) component parts (other than wooden gun stocks) of any such firearm or other weapon as aforesaid and any accessory to any such firearm or other weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon;
- (iii) ammunition, including grenades, bombs, and other like missiles, and any ammunition containing or designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid, gas or other thing;
- (iv) firearms which have been de-activated within the meaning of Section 8 of the Firearms (Guernsey) Law 1998; and a firearm is to be regarded as having been de-activated if and only if-
 - (a) it bears a mark denoting that fact which has been made by either of the proof houses of the Master, Wardens and Society of the Mystery of Gunmakers of the City of London or of the guardians of the Birmingham proof house which said mark has been approved by the Secretary of State for the purposes of the said section; and
 - (b) the said proof house has certified in writing that work has been carried out on the firearm in a manner approved by the Secretary of State for rendering it incapable of discharging any shot, bullet or other missile.

other than the following:

- (a) blank cartridges not exceeding 1 in (25mm) in diameter for use in smooth-bore weapons;
 - (b) air guns, air rifles or air pistols incapable of discharging a missile so that the missile has, on being discharged from the muzzle of the weapon, kinetic energy in excess, in the case of an air pistol of 6 ft lb (8.14 joules) or, in the case of an air weapon other than an air pistol, of 12 ft lb (16.27 joules), and air weapons designed for use only under water;
 - (c) ammunition for air guns, air rifles or air pistols.
3. Indecent or obscene prints, paintings, photographs, books, cards or lithographic or other engravings, or any other indecent or obscene articles.

4. Live animals, other than :-
 - budgerigars,
 - canaries,
 - cats,
 - cockatiels,
 - crickets,
 - dogs (not being the type of dog commonly known as the Pit Bull Terrier, the type of dog commonly known as the Japanese Tosa (or Tosa) or any other type of dog which appears to have been bred for fighting),
 - donkeys,
 - ferrets,
 - finches,
 - fish,
 - gerbils,
 - goats,
 - guinea pigs,
 - hamsters,
 - horses,
 - mealworms,
 - mice – domesticated,
 - partridges,
 - pheasants,
 - pigs,
 - poultry (meaning in this paragraph domestic fowls, ducks, geese, guinea fowls and turkeys),
 - quails,
 - rabbits,
 - rats – domesticated,
 - pigeons,
 - sheep,
 - stick insects.
5. Marine anti-fouling paint.
6. Offensive Weapons, the following:
 - (a) a knuckleduster, that is, a band of metal or other hard material worn on one or more fingers, and designed to cause injury, and any weapon incorporating a knuckleduster;
 - (b) a swordstick, that is, a hollow walking-stick or cane containing a blade which may be used as a sword;
 - (c) the weapon sometimes known as a "handclaw", being a band of metal or other hard material from which a number of sharp spikes protrude, and worn around the hand;
 - (d) the weapon sometimes known as a "belt buckle knife", being a buckle which incorporates or conceals a knife;

- (e) the weapon sometimes known as a "push dagger", being a knife the handle of which fits within a clenched fist and the blade of which protrudes from between two fingers;
- (f) the weapon sometimes known as a "hollow kubotan", being a cylindrical container containing a number of sharp spikes;
- (g) the weapon sometimes known as a "footclaw", being a bar of metal or other hard material from which a number of sharp spikes protrude, and worn strapped to the foot;
- (h) the weapon sometimes known as a "shuriken", "shaken" or "death star", being a hard non-flexible plate having three or more sharp radiating points and designed to be thrown;
- (i) the weapon sometimes known as a "balisong or "butterfly knife", being a blade enclosed by its handle, which is designed to split down the middle, without the operation of a spring or other mechanical means, to reveal the blade;
- (j) the weapon sometimes known as a "telescopic truncheon", being a truncheon which extends automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in or attached to its handle;
- (k) the weapon sometimes known as a "blowpipe" or "blow gun", being a hollow tube out of which hard pellets or darts are shot by the use of breath;
- (l) the weapon sometimes known as a "kusari gama", being a length of rope, cord, wire or chain fastened at one end to a sickle;
- (m) the weapon sometimes known as a "kyoketsu shoge", being a length of rope, cord, wire or chain fastened at one end to a hooked knife;
- (n) the weapon sometimes known as a "manrikigusari" or "kusari", being a length of rope, cord, wire or chain fastened at one each end to a hard weight or hand grip;
- (o) the weapon sometimes known as a "flick knife" or "flick gun" being any knife which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in or attached to the handle of the knife, or any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or a sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force and which, when released, is locked in place by means of a button, spring, lever or other device, sometimes known as a "gravity knife";

Other than articles more than one hundred years old.

7. Any cosmetic product containing a substance set out in Schedule 1 to the Cosmetic Products (Safety) Regulations, 1989 (U.K. S.I. 1989/2233) as amended from time to time or in any re-enactment thereof.
8. Any decoding equipment which is designed or adapted to be used primarily for the purpose of enabling the reception of programmes transmitted in the provision of a proscribed service within the meaning of Section 178 of the Broadcasting Act 1990.
9. Any prescription medicines, for human use, listed in the Medicines (Products other than Veterinary Drugs) (Prescription Only) Order 1983, (U.K. S.I. 1983/1212) as amended from time to time, or in any re-enactment thereof.
10. Any prescription medicines, for animal use, listed in the Medicines (Veterinary Drugs) (Prescription Only) Order 1991, (U.K. S.I. 1991/1392) as amended from time to time, or in any re-enactment thereof.
11. Any counterfeit of a currency note or of a protected coin.
12. Chemicals – any of the following substances:-
 - acetic anhydride
 - acetylanthranilic acid (otherwise known as 2-acetamidobenzoic acid)
 - anthranilic acid
 - ephedrine
 - ergometrine
 - ergotamine
 - isosafrole (cis + trans)
 - lysergic acid
 - phenylacetic acid
 - piperidine
 - piperonal
 - pseudoephedrine
 - safrole
 - 1-phenyl-2-propanone (otherwise known as phenylacetone)
 - 3,4 methylenedioxyphenylpropan-2-one
 - the salts of any of the foregoing substances whenever the existence of such salts is possible.

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SCHEDULE 2

Section Five

1. Any cosmetic product containing a substance set out in Schedule 1 to the Cosmetic Products (Safety) Regulations, 1989 (U.K. S.I. 1989/2233) as amended from time to time or in any re-enactment thereof.
2. Any decoding equipment which is designed or adapted to be used primarily for the purpose of enabling the reception of programmes transmitted in the provision of a proscribed service within the meaning of Section 178 of the Broadcasting Act 1990.
3. Indecent or obscene prints, paintings, photographs, books, cards, lithographic or other engravings, or any other indecent or obscene articles.
4. Any prescription medicines, for human use, listed in the Medicines (Products other than Veterinary Drugs) (Prescription Only) Order 1983, (U.K. S.I. 1983/1212) as amended from time to time, or in any re-enactment thereof.
5. Any prescription medicines, for animal use, listed in the Medicines (Veterinary Drugs) (Prescription Only) Order 1991, (U.K. S.I. 1991/1392) as amended from time to time, or in any re-enactment thereof.
6. Any counterfeit of a currency note or of a protected coin.
7. Chemicals – any of the following substances:-
 - acetic anhydride
 - acetylanthranilic acid (otherwise known as 2-acetamidobenzoic acid)
 - anthranilic acid
 - ephedrine
 - ergometrine
 - ergotamine
 - isosafrole (cis + trans)
 - lysergic acid
 - phenylacetic acid
 - piperidine
 - piperonal
 - pseudoephedrine
 - safrole
 - 1-phenyl-2-propanone (otherwise known as phenylacetone)
 - 3,4 methylenedioxyphenylpropan-2-one
 - the salts of any of the foregoing substances whenever the existence of such salts is possible.