

THE ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS (IMPORTATION) ORDER, 1961.

The States Committee for Agriculture and Fisheries, under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon them by section ten and by subsection (1) of section eleven of the Animals and Animal Products (Import and Export) Ordinance, 1952, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, hereby order:

1. Subject to the provisions of section three of this Order, the importation into the Island of the parts of carcasses of swine specified in the First Schedule hereto from any of the countries specified in the Third Schedule to the Animals and Animal Products (Import and Export) Ordinance, 1952 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Ordinance") and which were first landed in the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland is hereby permitted.

2. Subject to the provisions of the next succeeding section, the importation into the Island of the parts of carcasses of swine specified in the First Column of the Second Schedule hereto -

(i) from any of the countries specified in the Third Schedule to the principal Ordinance, or

(ii) by way of the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland from any of the countries specified in the Third Schedule to the principal Ordinance and which have entered the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland by transshipment overseas in the territorial waters of the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland or by storage in bond in either of those countries,

is hereby permitted provided that the conditions specified in the Second Column of the Second Schedule hereto have been complied with.

3. The importation into the Island of the parts of carcasses of swine, the fertilisers and the feeding stuffs specified in the Third Schedule hereto from Spain and Portugal or by way of the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland from Spain or Portugal and which have entered the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland by transshipment overseas in the territorial waters of the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland or by storage in bond in either of those countries is hereby prohibited.

4. The Animal Products Importation Order, 1952, and the Animal Products Importation Order No. 2, 1952, are hereby repealed.

5. The Interpretation (Guernsey) Law, 1948, applies to the interpretation of this Order as it applies to the interpretation of an enactment.

6. This Order may be cited as the Animals and Animal Products (Importation) Order, 1961.

7. This Order shall come into force on the first day of April, nineteen hundred and sixty-one.

Dated this twenty-ninth day of March, nineteen hundred and sixty-one.

H. R. OZBURN.

For and on behalf of the
States Committee for Agriculture and Fisheries.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

- (a) Lard or rendered fat,
- (b) Fully cured bacon and ham.
- (c) Sausages of the Salami type.
- (d) Cleaned and scraped sausage casings.
- (e) Pig products (cheeks, heads, feet, maws, tongues, rinds, and salt pork).

SECOND SCHEDULE.

First Column.

Second Column.

- (a) Lard or rendered fat.
- (b) Fully cured bacon and ham.

Each side or piece of bacon or ham shall be labelled with a statement signed and dated by a responsible officer of the Government of the country in which the bacon or ham has been cured to the effect that -

(i) the bacon or ham has been pumped with brine under a pressure of 80 lbs. or more to the square inch and subsequently soaked in brine or dry-salted for a period of not less than 4 days; or

(ii) the bacon or ham has been salted (wet-salted or dry-salted) for a period of not less than 10 days.

Such label shall also state the name of the factory in which the bacon was cured and the locality and country in which the factory is situated. A similar label shall be affixed to the outside of the wrapping, crate or other container enclosing each separate parcel of bacon or ham.

- (c) Sausages of the Salami type.
- (d) Cleaned and scraped sausage casings.

Every consignment shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by an authorised officer of the Government of the country in which the sausage casings were prepared to the effect that the casings were kept in salt for a continuous period of 14 days before being moved for shipment to the Island.

feet, maws, tongues, rinds, and salt pork).

(i) Every consignment shall be imported in watertight barrels, and before being removed from the factory for shipment, the outsides of the barrels shall be disinfected by being thoroughly washed with a 5 per cent. solution of standard phenol or a disinfectant equal in disinfective efficiency to the said solution.

(ii) Every consignment shall be accompanied by a certificate signed by an authorised officer of the Government of the country in which the products were packed specifying the nature of the contents of the barrels and certifying (a) that the said products were kept in brine or salt for a continuous period of not less than 14 days before being moved for shipment and (b) that the barrels in which the products are to be imported have been disinfected in the manner prescribed.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

- (a) Lard or rendered fat.
- (b) Bacon and ham.
- (c) Sausages including sausages of the Salami type.
- (d) Sausage casings.
- (e) Pig products including bristles, cheeks, heads, feet, maws, tongues, rinds and salt pork.
- (f) Fertilisers containing pig products.
- (g) Animal feeding stuffs containing pig products.

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

(This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport).

This Order replaces and consolidates the Animal Products Importation Order, 1952 and the Animal Products Importation No. 2 Order, 1952. It has the effect of continuing to permit the importation from specified European countries of certain pig

products which have been first landed in the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland and, subject to certain conditions, pig products coming direct from those countries or by transshipment overseas in the territorial waters of or by storage in bond in the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland. Additionally, it has the effect of excluding Spain and Portugal from the list of countries from which the importation of pig products is permitted as aforesaid because of the incidence in these two countries of East African swine fever, a particularly serious form of this disease.

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