

GUERNSEY

*Law not brought into force*

STATUTORY INSTRUMENT

1952 No. 2

*has repealed by the Social Insurance (Guernsey) Law, 1964*

NATIONAL INSURANCE

THE NATIONAL INSURANCE (GUERNSEY) (CLAIMS AND PAYMENTS) REGULATIONS, 1952

Made 3<sup>rd</sup> January, 1952.  
Laid before the States  
Coming into Operation 3<sup>rd</sup> January, 1952.

The States Insurance Authority, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 19 (2) (b), 28, 41 and 47 (2) of the National Insurance (Guernsey) Law, 1951, and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following regulations:

PART I.

General.

Citation, commencement and interpretation.

1. - (1) These regulations may be cited as the National Insurance (Guernsey) (Claims and Payments) Regulations, 1952, and shall come into operation on the 3<sup>rd</sup> January, 1952.

(2) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires -

"the Law" means the National Insurance (Guernsey) Law, 1951;

"the Authority" has the same meaning as in the Law;

"benefit" means any benefit under the Law;

"the relevant person" means the person by whom the contribution conditions for death grant are to be satisfied;

"insurance card" means a card issued in accordance with the regulations for the time being in force under section 7 of the Law relating to the collection of contributions;

"the Court" means the Royal Court sitting as an Ordinary Court;

"determining authority" means, as the case may require, the Administrator, a tribunal or the Court appointed or constituted in accordance with the regulations or Orders of the Court for the time being in force under

section 39 of the Law relating to the determination of claims and questions;

"the Administrator" has the same meaning as in the Law;

"pension" means retirement pension, widow's benefit or guardian's allowance, as the case may require;

"pensioner" means a person to whom any pension is payable;

"pension order" means an order for the payment through the Post Office of a weekly sum on account of a pension;

"appropriate post office" means the post office at which a pension is payable in any particular case;

"local office" means an office appointed by the Authority as a local office for the purpose of the Law or of these regulations;

"practitioner" means a registered medical practitioner authorised to practice in Guernsey or Alderney; or a medical practitioner having qualifications which, in the opinion of the Authority, are such as would enable him to be authorised to practice in Guernsey;

and other expressions have the same meanings as in the Law.

(3) References in these regulations to any enactment shall include references to such enactment as amended by any subsequent enactment, order or regulations.

(4) The Interpretation (Guernsey) Law, 1948, applies to the interpretation of these regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an enactment.

(5) For the purposes of the provisions of these regulations relating to the making of claims an increase of benefit in respect of a child or adult dependant shall be treated as a separate benefit.

(6) The provisions of Parts II and III of these regulations shall have effect in relation to any particular benefit subject to any further provision affecting that benefit contained in Part IV.

PART II.

Claims.

Claims to be made to the Authority in writing. 2. Every claim for benefit shall be made in writing to the Authority on the form approved by the Authority for the purpose of the benefit for which the claim is made, or in such other manner, being in writing, as the Authority may accept as sufficient in the circumstances of any particular case or class of cases.

Supply of claim forms. 3. Forms of claim shall be supplied without charge by such persons as the Authority may appoint or authorise for that purpose.

Claims not on appropriate forms. 4. Where a claim for benefit has been made on an approved form other than the form appropriate to the benefit claimed, the Authority may treat the claim as if it had been made on the appropriate form:

Provided that the Authority may in any such case require the claimant to complete the appropriate form.

Information to be given when making a claim for benefit. 5. (1) Every person who makes a claim for benefit shall furnish such certificates, documents, information and evidence for the purpose of determining the claim as may be required by the Authority and, if reasonably so required, shall for that purpose attend at such office or place as the Authority may direct.

(2) Every person who makes a claim for unemployment benefit shall, when so doing, lodge his insurance card with the Authority or with such officer or person as it may appoint:

Provided that where in any particular case the determining authority is satisfied that the claimant is unable or has omitted for good cause to lodge his insurance card it may, if it thinks fit, dispense with the lodging of the insurance card under this regulation.

(3) Every person who makes a claim for widowed mother's allowance or guardian's allowance or for an increase of benefit in respect of a child shall, in particular, furnish such certificate relating to the birth of the child and such

other information to show that the child is or may be treated as included in that person's family, as the Authority may require.

(4) Every person who makes a claim for an increase of benefit in respect of an adult dependant shall, in particular, furnish, if required, the following information concerning such dependant:-

(a) his identity, date of birth, usual place of residence, occupation and relationship to the claimant;

(b) his position in regard to benefit under the Law, available sources of income and the amounts contributed by any person towards his maintenance; and

(c) in the case of an increase in respect of a wife or a husband, a certificate of the marriage;

together with a declaration signed by the dependant confirming the information given.

(5) Every person who makes a claim for a death grant shall, in particular, furnish the following information:-

(a) if required by the Authority, a death certificate relating to the deceased; and, where the claim is in respect of the death of a child, such certificate relating to the birth of the child, and such other information, as the Authority may reasonably require, in support of any contention that immediately before the death of the child or relevant person, as the case may be, the child was a child of the family of the relevant person;

(b) if required by the Authority, the estimate or account of the undertaker;

(c) in the case of the States Public Assistance Authority or other association of persons to whom

the provisions of subsection (5) of section 21 of the Law (which subsection enables the Authority to make payments to the States Public Assistance Authority or to such association out of the Guernsey Insurance Fund in respect of the cost of burial or cremation of certain persons) are applicable, such particulars relating to the relevant person as may be required by the Authority.

Amendment  
of claim  
forms.

6. - (1) If, owing to the absence of due signature or of due certification, a claim is defective at the date of its receipt by the Authority, the Authority may, in its discretion, refer the claim to the claimant, and if the form is returned duly signed and certified within one month from the date on which it is so referred, the Authority may treat the claim as if it had been duly made in the first instance.

(2) Any person who has made a claim for a pension in accordance with the provisions of these regulations may amend his claim, at any time before a decision has been given thereon, by notice in writing delivered or sent to the Authority, and any claim so amended may be treated as if it had been made as so amended in the first instance.

Interchange  
with  
claims  
for other  
benefits  
under the  
Law.

7. - (1) Where it appears that a person who has made a claim for a benefit specified in the first column of the Schedule to these regulations may be entitled to the benefit specified opposite thereto in the second column of that Schedule, any such claim may be treated as a claim in the alternative for that other benefit.

(2) Where it appears that a person who has made a claim for benefit is not entitled thereto, but that some other person may be entitled to an increase of benefit in respect of him, the claim may be treated as if it were a claim by such other person for an increase of benefit in respect of the claimant.

(3) Where it appears that a person who has made a claim for an increase of benefit in respect of a child or adult dependant is not entitled thereto but that some other person may be entitled to an increase of benefit in respect of that child or adult dependant, the claim may be treated as if it were a claim by that other person for such increase.

(4) Where it appears that a person who has made a claim for guardian's allowance in respect of any child is not entitled thereto, but that the claimant, or the wife or husband of the claimant, may be entitled to an increase of benefit for that child the claim may be treated as if it were a claim by the claimant or the wife or husband of the claimant for an increase of benefit for that child.

PART III.

Payments.

Time and manner of payment of unemployment, sickness and maternity benefits, and death grant.

8. Subject to the provisions of these regulations, unemployment benefit, sickness benefit, maternity benefit and death grant shall be paid in accordance with an award thereof, as soon as is reasonably practicable after such an award has been made by the determining authority by such means as may appear to the Authority to be appropriate in the circumstances of any particular case.

Time and manner of payment of retirement pension, widow's benefit and guardian's allowance.

9. - (1) Subject to the provisions of these regulations, pensions shall be paid weekly in advance by means of pension orders payable in each case to the pensioner, at such post office as the Authority, after enquiry of the pensioner, may from time to time determine.

(2) In every case in which there is an award by the determining authority under which a pension is payable the Authority shall cause arrangements to be made whereby, on furnishing such evidence as to identity and such other particulars as may be required, the pensioner may obtain, either through the postmaster of the appropriate post office

or otherwise, a book of pension orders, and the Authority shall notify the pensioner of the appropriate post office and of the arrangements so far as they affect him.

(3) The Authority shall arrange for the issue to every pensioner, either by the postmaster at the appropriate post office or otherwise, of a fresh book of pension orders on the expiration of the previous book.

(4) Weekly sums on account of pensions shall be payable on different days of the week as follows:-

(a) in the case of widow's benefit and guardian's allowance - on Tuesdays; and

(b) in the case of retirement pension - on Thursdays or Fridays, as shall be fixed by the Authority in any particular case or class of cases.

(5) Where by reason of any provision of the Law or of these regulations the date as from which a pension would commence, or as from which a change in the rate of a pension would take effect, is a day of the week other than the appropriate day of the week for the payment of that pension, the pension shall commence only, or the change in the rate of the pension shall take effect only, as from the next such appropriate day.

(6) Where the date on which a pension (other than any widow's benefit to which the next succeeding paragraph applies) would cease to be payable is a day of the week other than that immediately preceding the appropriate day of the week for the payment of that pension, the pension shall continue to be payable in respect of the days of the week up to but not including the next such appropriate day.

(7) In the case of a woman entitled to widow's benefit immediately before becoming entitled to a retirement pension, where the date on which the widow's benefit would cease to be payable is a day of the week other

than that immediately preceding the appropriate day of the week for the payment of the retirement pension, the widow's benefit shall continue to be payable in respect of the days of the week up to but not including the next such appropriate day.

(8) A book of pension orders issued to any person shall remain the property of the States.

(9) Any person having a book of pension orders or any unpaid pension order shall, on the termination of the pension to which such book or order relates or when requested by the Authority, deliver such book or order to the Authority or to such person as it may direct.

(10) Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing provisions of this regulation, the Authority may in any particular case or class of cases arrange for the payment of a pension otherwise than weekly in advance or otherwise than by means of pension orders payable to the pensioner.

Disquali-  
fication  
where  
benefit not  
claimed  
within the  
prescribed  
time.

10. - (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of section 28 of the Law (which subsection relates to retirement pension for a widow in receipt of widow's benefit), if a person fails to make a claim for any benefit within the prescribed time in accordance with the following provisions of this regulation, he shall be disqualified for receiving -

- (a) in the case of unemployment benefit or maternity grant or death grant, any benefit; or
- (b) in the case of sickness benefit (and subject to the provisions relating to the time for giving notice of incapacity contained in regulation 14), payment of any benefit for which the claim is not made within the prescribed time; or
- (c) in the case of attendance allowance, payment in respect of any period more than twenty-eight days before the date on which the claim is made; or
- (d) in the case of maternity allowance, payment in respect of any period before the date on which the

claim is made; or

- (e) in the case of a pension, payment in respect of any period more than three months before the date on which the claim is made:

Provided that, subject to the condition contained in paragraph (3) of this regulation, if in any case the claimant proves -

- (i) that on a date earlier than the date on which the claim was made, apart from satisfying the condition of making a claim, he was entitled to the benefit; and
- (ii) (subject to the provisions of paragraph (5) of regulation 14) that throughout the period between the earlier date and the date on which the claim was made there was good cause for delay in making such claim; he shall not be disqualified under this paragraph for receiving any benefit to which he would have been entitled if the claim had been made on the said earlier date.

(2) The prescribed time for the purposes of the foregoing paragraph shall (subject to the special provisions relating to the time for claiming benefit contained in Part IV of these regulations) be, -

- (a) in the case of unemployment benefit (not being an increase of benefit in respect of a child or adult dependant), the day in respect of which the claim is made; or
- (b) in the case of sickness benefit (not being an increase of benefit in respect of a child or adult dependant) -

- (i) where, before making the claim, the claimant has not made an earlier claim for sickness benefit under the Law or an earlier claim for any other benefit which has been treated as a claim for sickness benefit, the period of twenty-one days, or

of which that increase is claimed, the prescribed time is extended in accordance with the proviso to this paragraph, the period of one month shall (subject to the condition contained in the next succeeding paragraph) be increased by a period equal to the period commencing on the said date and ending on the date on which the claim for the said benefit was made:

Provided that, subject to the condition contained in the next succeeding paragraph, if the claimant proves (subject to the provisions of paragraph (5) of regulation 14) that there was good cause for the failure to make the claim before the date on which it was made, the prescribed time shall be extended to the date on which the claim is made.

(3) The proviso to either of the foregoing paragraphs of this regulation shall apply in any case subject to the condition that no sum shall be paid to any person on account of maternity grant in respect of a confinement, or death grant in respect of a death, occurring more than six months before the date on which the claim therefor is made in accordance with the provisions of these regulations, or on account of any other benefit in respect of any period more than six months before the date on which the claim therefor is so made.

Extinguish-  
ment of  
right to  
sums  
payable  
by way of  
benefit  
which are  
not  
obtained  
within  
the  
prescribed  
time.

11. - (1) The right to any sum payable by way of benefit shall be extinguished where payment thereof is not obtained within the period of three months from the date on which that sum is receivable in accordance with the following provisions of this regulation:

Provided that in any case where there was good cause for the failure to obtain payment the said period shall be extended to six months.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation a sum payable by way of benefit shall be receivable -

(a) in the case of a sum payable by means of a pension order, subject to the provisions of paragraph (3)

of regulation ~~17~~<sup>18</sup>, on the appropriate day for the payment of the pension in the week in respect of which the order is to be paid; and

(b) in the case of a sum payable in any other manner, on such day as the Authority may in any such case determine.

(3) Any sum payable by way of benefit to a person who is for the time being unable to act shall be receivable in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (b) of the foregoing paragraph, notwithstanding his inability to give a receipt therefor.

Information to be given when obtaining payment of benefit.

12. - (1) Every beneficiary and every person by whom or on whose behalf sums payable by way of benefit are receivable shall furnish in such manner and at such times as the Authority may determine such certificates and other documents and such information of facts affecting the right to benefit or to the receipt thereof as the Authority may require (either as a condition on which any such sum or sums shall be receivable or otherwise), and in particular shall notify the Authority in writing of any change of circumstances which he might reasonably be expected to know might affect the right to benefit, or to the receipt thereof, as soon as reasonably practicable after the occurrence thereof.

(2) Where any sum is receivable on account of an increase of benefit in respect of an adult dependant the beneficiary shall, in such cases or classes of cases as the Authority may direct, furnish a declaration signed by such dependant confirming the particulars respecting him furnished by the claimant.

PART IV.

Special provisions relating to certain benefits.

Unemploy-  
ment  
benefit.

13. - (1) Every person who makes a claim for unemployment benefit shall attend at the offices of the Authority, or at such local office as may be approved in his case, on every working day, or on such working days as the Authority may direct, at such times as the Authority may direct, and if required to do so, shall there sign a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) A claimant who, under these regulations, attends less frequently than on every working day, may on each attendance sign the register in respect of days on which the terms of the declaration set out in the register were satisfied in his case since his last attendance, as well as in respect of the actual day of attendance.

(3) The determining authority may in any particular case require a claimant, notwithstanding that he has signed the register in accordance with these regulations, to furnish further evidence that he was unemployed and not disentitled to unemployment benefit on all or any of the days in respect of which he has signed the register.

Sickness  
benefit.

14. - (1) If a person fails, <sup>or again becoming</sup> on becoming <sup>incapable of work,</sup> to give to the Authority written notice of that fact within the time proscribed in paragraph (2) of this regulation, he shall be disqualified for receiving sickness benefit in respect of any period more than three days before the date on which the notice is given:

Provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not operate to disqualify a person for the receipt of such benefit if he has not previously made a claim for sickness benefit under the Law (including, for this purpose, a claim for any other benefit which has been treated as a claim for sickness benefit).

PART IV.

Special provisions relating to certain benefits.

Unemploy-  
ment  
benefit.

13. - (1) Every person who makes a claim for unemployment benefit shall attend at the offices of the Authority, or at such local office as may be approved in his case, on every working day, or on such working days as the Authority may direct, at such times as the Authority may direct, and if required to do so, shall there sign a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) A claimant who, under these regulations, attends less frequently than on every working day, may on each attendance sign the register in respect of days on which the terms of the declaration set out in the register were satisfied in his case since his last attendance, as well as in respect of the actual day of attendance.

(3) The determining authority may in any particular case require a claimant, notwithstanding that he has signed the register in accordance with these regulations, to furnish further evidence that he was unemployed and not disentitled to unemployment benefit on all or any of the days in respect of which he has signed the register.

Sickness  
benefit.

14. - (1) If a person fails, on becoming<sup>or again becoming</sup> incapable of work, to give to the Authority written notice of that fact within the time proscribed in paragraph (2) of this regulation, he shall be disqualified for receiving sickness benefit in respect of any period more than three days before the date on which the notice is given:

Provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not operate to disqualify a person for the receipt of such benefit if he has not previously made a claim for sickness benefit under the Law (including, for this purpose, a claim for any other benefit which has been treated as a claim for sickness benefit).

(2) The time within which a notice shall be given by any person for the purpose of the foregoing paragraph shall be the period of three days from the date on which that person becomes or again becomes incapable of work:

Provided that, where a person proves (subject to the provisions of paragraph (5) of this regulation) that, throughout a period commencing on or after the last day of the said period of three days and ending immediately before the day on which the notice is given, there was good cause for delay in giving such notice, the time shall, subject to the condition contained in the next succeeding paragraph, be extended to the date on which the notice is given, but in that event that person shall be disqualified for receiving sickness benefit in respect of any period more than three days before the commencement of the period throughout which there was good cause for delay in giving notice.

(3) The condition subject to which the time for giving notice may be extended under the proviso to the foregoing paragraph shall be that no sickness benefit shall be paid in respect of any period more than six months before the date on which such notice is given in accordance with the provisions of this regulation.

(4) Where it has been certified by a practitioner that a person is incapable of work and will continue to be incapable of work for the period specified in the certificate, a claim for sickness benefit may, unless the Authority otherwise directs, be made by that person in respect of the period of thirteen weeks, or such shorter period as the Authority may in the circumstances determine, in either case commencing immediately after the date of the certificate, and the provisions of regulation 10 shall be construed accordingly.

Any claim for sickness benefit made by any such person may, if it is made on the form containing the certificate, be treated by the Authority as a claim made also in respect of any days in the said period of thirteen weeks or in any such shorter period, as the case may be.

(5) In determining whether paragraph (ii) of the proviso to paragraph (1), or the proviso to paragraph (2), of regulation 10, or the proviso to paragraph (2) of this regulation, has been satisfied by a person who is, or has been, an in-patient in a hospital, and who either gives to the Authority written notice that he has become or again become incapable of work, or makes a claim for sickness benefit, any such proviso shall, in relation only to that notice or claim, be deemed to have been satisfied by him in respect of that one of the following periods which is appropriate, in so far as it is relevant for the purpose of any such proviso:-

- (a) where the person concerned has been discharged from the hospital, the period commencing on the date of his admission thereto as an in-patient and ending thirteen weeks thereafter or three weeks after the date of his discharge, whichever period is the shorter; or
- (b) where the person concerned has not been so discharged, the period of thirteen weeks from the date of his admission to the hospital as an in-patient.

(6) For the purposes of the last foregoing paragraph:-

- (a) in ascertaining the date of admission to hospital of the person concerned, where that person has previously been an in-patient in one or more hospitals for one or more periods, any such period shall be taken into account, provided the interval, or (if there was more than one previous period as an in-patient) each interval, between the end of such period and the beginning of the appropriate period specified in that paragraph does not exceed three weeks;

- (b) the expression "hospital" means any institution for the reception and treatment of persons suffering from illness or mental defectiveness and any maternity home (and, for this purpose, "illness" includes mental illness and any injury or disability requiring medical treatment or nursing); and
- (c) the expression "in-patient" means a person admitted as an in-patient to a hospital for the purpose of receiving there treatment (not being treatment during convalescence) by or under the direction of a practitioner.

Maternity grant and attendance allowance.

15. A claim for a maternity grant or an attendance allowance may be made before the confinement at any time not earlier than the relevant date; and, for this purpose, "the relevant date" means the date of a certificate furnished by the claimant to the Authority and given by a qualified practitioner that it is to be expected that the claimant will be confined in a contribution week specified in the certificate, not being more than eleven contribution weeks after that in which the certificate is given;

Provided that a claim for an attendance allowance which is so made shall be treated as not having been made unless the claimant furnishes to the Authority a certificate given by a qualified practitioner that she has been confined and the certificate is so furnished within the period of twenty-eight days from the date of the confinement or, if such a certificate is so furnished after that period, unless the claimant proves that there was good cause for the failure to furnish it before the date on which it was furnished.

Retirement pension.

16. - (1) A claim for retirement pension may be made at any time not more than four months before the date on which the claimant will, subject to the fulfilment of the necessary conditions, become entitled to such a pension.

(2) A notice of retirement for the purpose of paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 19 of the Law (which section relates to retirement pensions) shall be given to the Authority in writing not more than four months before the date of retirement.

(3) For the purpose of facilitating the determination of a subsequent claim for retirement pension, a person may at any time not more than four months before the date on which he will attain pensionable age, and notwithstanding that he does not intend to retire from regular employment at that date, submit particulars in writing to the Authority in a form approved by it for that purpose with a view to the determination (in advance of a claim) of any questions under the Law relating to that person's title to a retirement pension other than the question of retirement, and, subject to the necessary modifications, the provisions of Part II of these regulations shall apply to any such particulars.

PART V.

Miscellaneous provisions.

Persons  
unable  
to  
act.

17. - (1) In the case of any person to whom benefit is payable or who is alleged to be entitled to benefit or by whom or on whose behalf a claim for benefit has been made, and who is a child or is unable for the time being to act, where there is no guardian the Authority may, upon written application being made to it, appoint a person to exercise on behalf of the child or person who is unable to act any right to which that child or person may be entitled under the Law and to receive and deal with any sums payable on behalf of such child or person:

Provided that -

- (a) any such appointment by the Authority shall terminate on the day immediately prior to the date on which the Authority is notified that a guardian has been appointed;

- (b) a person who has not attained the age of eighteen shall not be capable of being appointed to act under this regulation;
- (c) the Authority may at any time in its absolute discretion revoke any appointment made under this regulation; and
- (d) any person appointed under this regulation may, on giving the Authority one month's notice in writing of his intention to do so, resign his office.

(2) Anything required by these regulations to be done by or to any such person as aforesaid who is a child or who is for the time being unable to act may be done by or to the guardian, if any, or by or to the person appointed under this regulation to act on his behalf, and the receipt of any person appointed under this regulation shall be a good discharge to the Authority and the Guernsey Insurance Fund for any sum paid, notwithstanding that such person has not attained the age of twenty-one.

Payments  
on death.

18. - (1) On the death of a person who has made a claim for benefit or who is alleged to have been entitled to benefit, the Authority may appoint such person as it may think fit to proceed with or to make a claim for the benefit, and the provisions of these regulations shall apply subject to the necessary modifications to any such claim.

(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (4) of this regulation, any sum payable by way of benefit which was receivable by the deceased at the date of his death or which is payable under an award on a claim made under the foregoing paragraph may be paid or distributed by the Authority to or amongst persons claiming as personal representatives, legatees, next of kin, or creditors, of the deceased (or, where the deceased was illegitimate, to or amongst other persons) and thereupon any such sum shall be receivable by such person or persons:

Provided that -

- (a) the receipt of any such person who has attained the age of sixteen shall be a good discharge to the Authority and the Guernsey Insurance Fund for any sum so paid; and
- (b) where the Authority is satisfied that any such sum or part thereof is needed for the benefit of any person under the age of sixteen, it may obtain a good discharge therefor by paying the sum or part thereof to a person over that age (who need not be a person specified in this paragraph) who satisfies the Authority that he will apply the sum so paid for the benefit of the person under the age of sixteen.

(3) Subject as aforesaid, any sum payable by way of benefit to the deceased by means of a pension order payment of which he had not obtained at the date of his death shall, unless the right thereto was already extinguished at that date, be receivable in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (2) of regulation 11.

(4) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of this regulation shall not apply in any case unless written application for the payment of any such sum is made to the Authority within six months from the date of the deceased's death or within such longer period as the Authority may allow in any particular case.

(5) The Authority may dispense with strict proof of the title of any person claiming in accordance with the provisions of this regulation.

19. If any person contravenes or fails to comply with any requirement of these regulations (not being a requirement to submit himself to medical treatment or examination) in respect of which no special penalty is provided, he shall for such offence be liable on conviction to a penalty not

Breach of regulations.

exceeding ten pounds, or where the offence consists of continuing any such contravention or failure after conviction thereof, ten pounds together with a further ten pounds for each day on which it is so continued.

Dated this 3<sup>rd</sup> day of January, 1952.

(Signed) Marie S. M. Randall.

Acting President,  
States Insurance Authority  
on behalf of that Authority.

SCHEDULE.

Regulation 7 (1).

Benefit claimed and benefit for which the claim may be treated as a claim in the alternative.

<u>Benefit claimed.</u>	<u>Alternative benefit.</u>
Unemployment benefit.	Sickness benefit.
An increase of unemployment benefit.	An increase of sickness benefit.
Sickness benefit for a woman.	Maternity allowance.
Maternity allowance.	Sickness benefit.
Retirement pension for a woman by virtue of her husband's insurance.	Widow's benefit.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations, but is intended to indicate their general purport.)

These Regulations provide for the manner in which all claims for benefit under the National Insurance (Guernsey) Law, 1951 and the payment of such benefit shall be made. Part II contains provisions relating to the forms on which

claims are to be made, the information to be given when claiming, and the interchange between claims for certain benefits. Part III contains provisions relating to the method of payment of benefit, for the disqualification for benefit which is claimed out of time and for the extinction of the right to sums payable by way of benefit where payment is not obtained in time. Part IV contains special provisions for certain benefits. Part V makes provision for claims and payments in the case of persons unable to act, and on death, and provides for a penalty for breaches of the regulations.